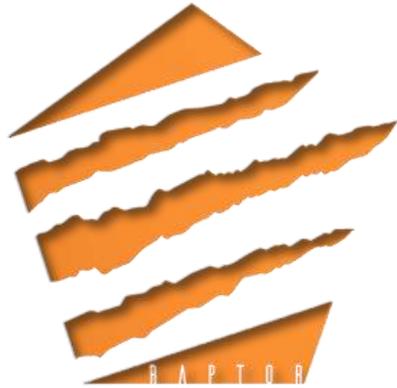


What are Smart Cities and a Smart Transportation Systems without a Cyber Secured Fortified Smart Grid Network?



iS5
Communications
ITS Canada –
Niagara Falls
June 2018



Chicago Historical Society

WILSON M. HALLENBERG PHOTO.

▲ Traffic jams long predated the automobile. Here, trolleys, horse-drawn wagons, and a sea of pedestrians have created what seems a hopeless gridlock.

iS5 Communications

- Founded in 2012 by ex-RuggedCom executives; headquartered in Mississauga, Canada.
- Focus on protecting critical infrastructure networks with next generation products that have advanced cybersecurity features.
- iS5 products are designed to meet and exceed stringent operational requirements such as IEC61850, IEEE1613.
- The Raptor platform was specifically architected for Operational Technology (OT) networks, but with enterprise (IT) security, performance and features.



Utility

Transportation

Industrial

Surveillance

Defence

- Grid Modernization
- Power Generation
- Transmission, Distribution & Substation Automation
- Oil & Gas

- Air Transportation
- Rolling-Stock
- Marine & Offshore
- Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS)

- Machine-to-Machine (M2M)
- Factory Automation
- Remote Monitoring & Diagnostics

- Security
- Law Enforcement
- Investigative & Protective Services

- Homeland security
- Military Networks
- Air-to-Ground Communications
- Onboard Networks

iS5Com's innovative, hardened, and secure platforms, partner relationships, and thought leadership will expand the company's footprint into other critical infrastructure verticals

iS5 Communications

- Key competencies:
 - Domain Knowledge in OT and IT networks
 - Provide End-to-End Solutions from control center to the end device
 - Expertise in Substation Automation Systems – IEC 61850
 - Design Secure Industrial Networks to meet guide lines such as:
 - NERC-CIP - USA
 - FERC – USA
 - NISA – Middle East
 - NISA - Israel
 - NCIIPC – India
 - EPCIP – Europe
 - ACORN – Australia
 - CSA - Singapore
- Products:
 - Cyber Secure Cloud Platforms for:
 - Critical Infrastructure Protection
 - Mission Critical Applications
 - Industrial and Defense Applications
- Expert Services:
 - Apply our domain expertise to assist customers to design, configure, and optimize their networks.
- Training/Educational Services:
 - Incorporate product and domain knowledge to provide specific training that meet customer requirements.

Smart Cities?

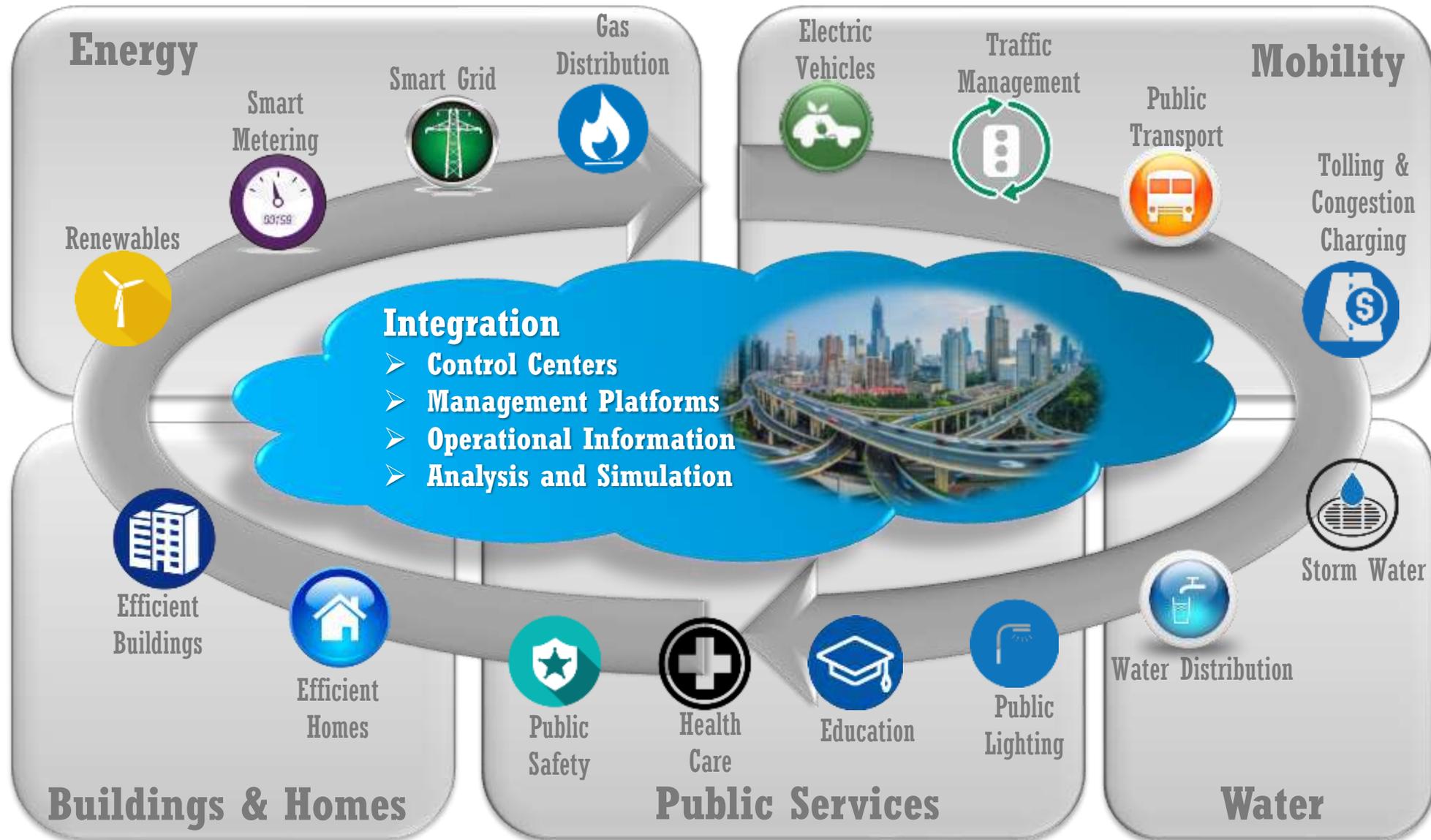
Leverage Technology to implement an infrastructure for an optimized, scalable and sustainable city for future.

Comprising of six sectors

- Smart Energy
- Smart Mobility
- Smart Public Services
- Smart Water
- Smart Buildings
- Smart Integration



What are Smart Cities?



Cyber Attacks Increasing on Vital Critical Infrastructure

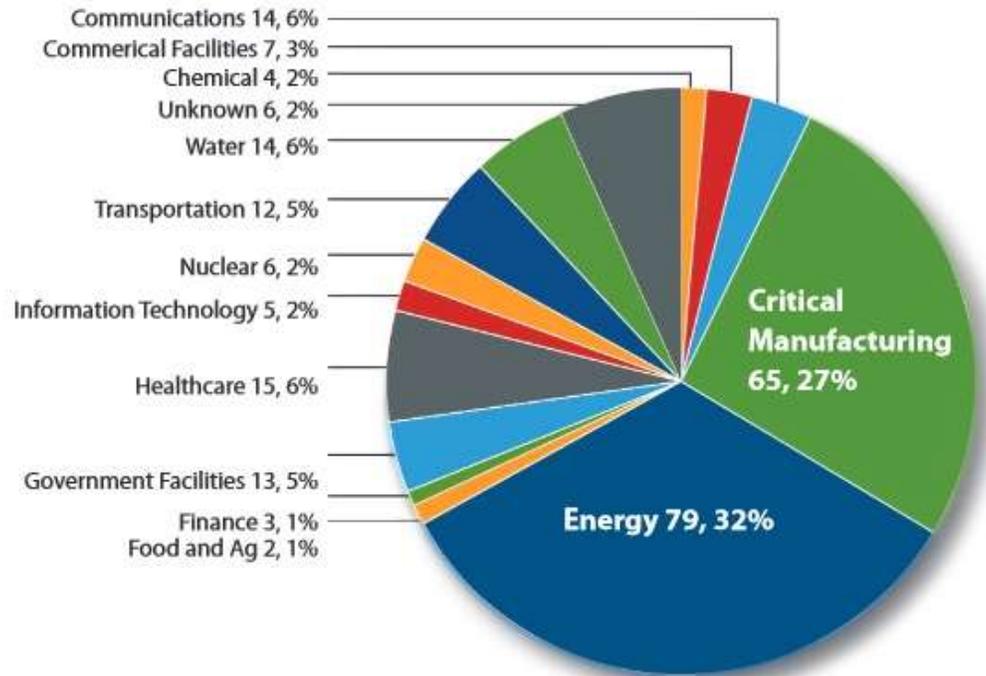
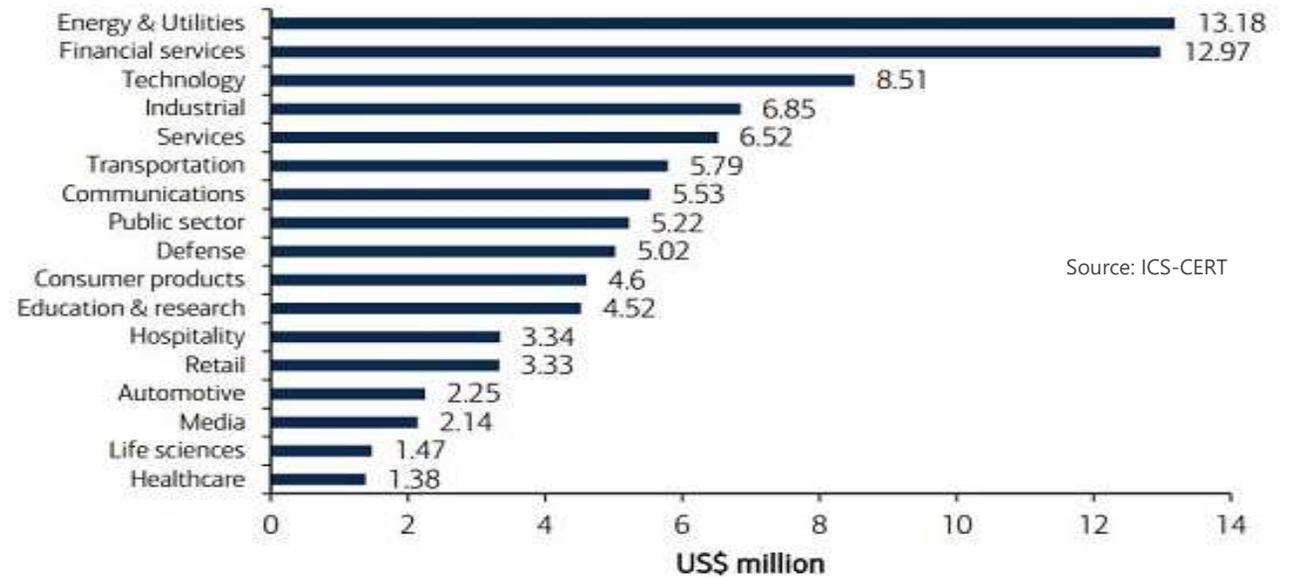


Figure 1. FY 2014 incidents reported by sector (245 total).

Chart 23: Average annualized cost of cyberattacks by industry sector (US\$m)



Source: ICS-CERT

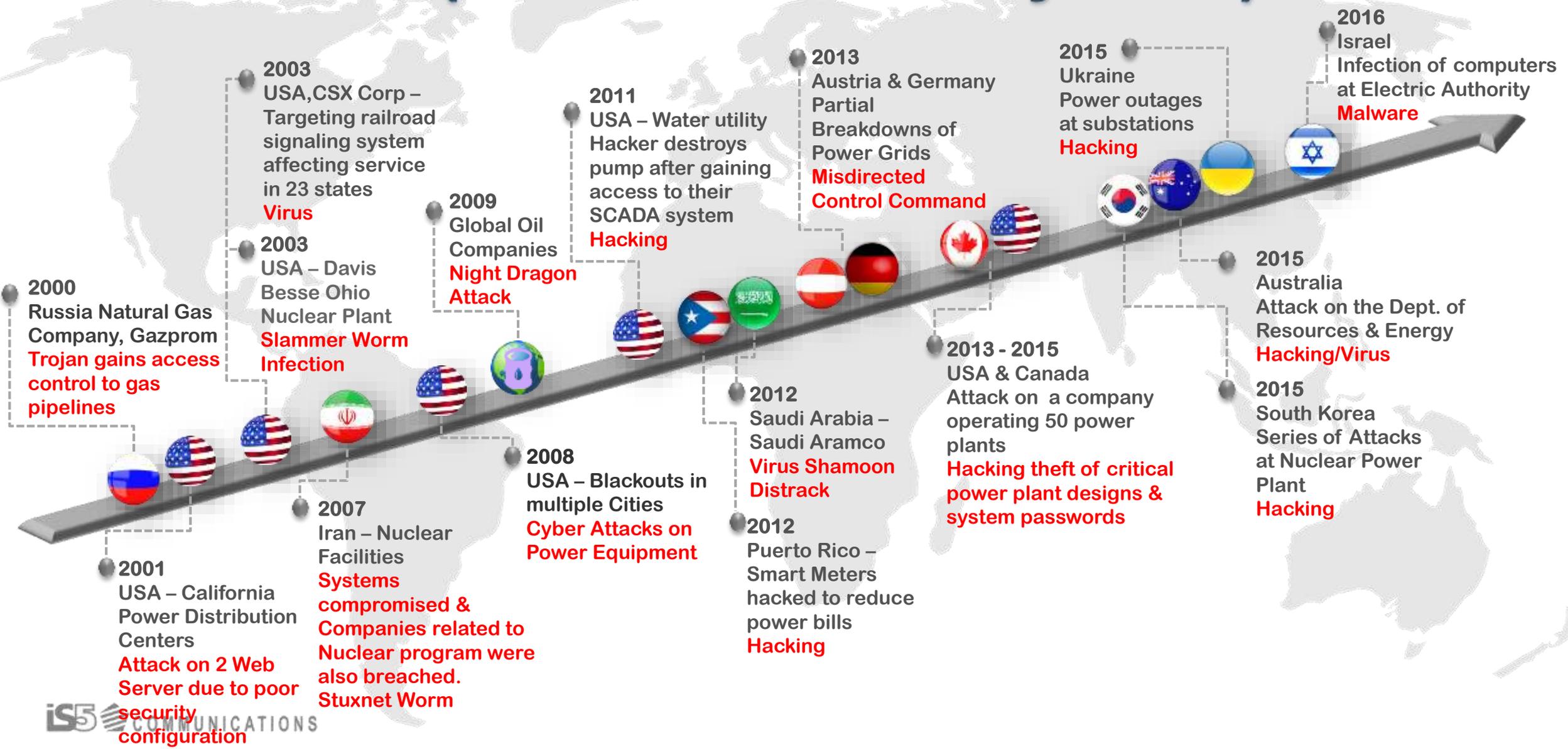
Source: Ponemon

Cyber Crime Costs Projected To Reach \$2 Trillion by 2019

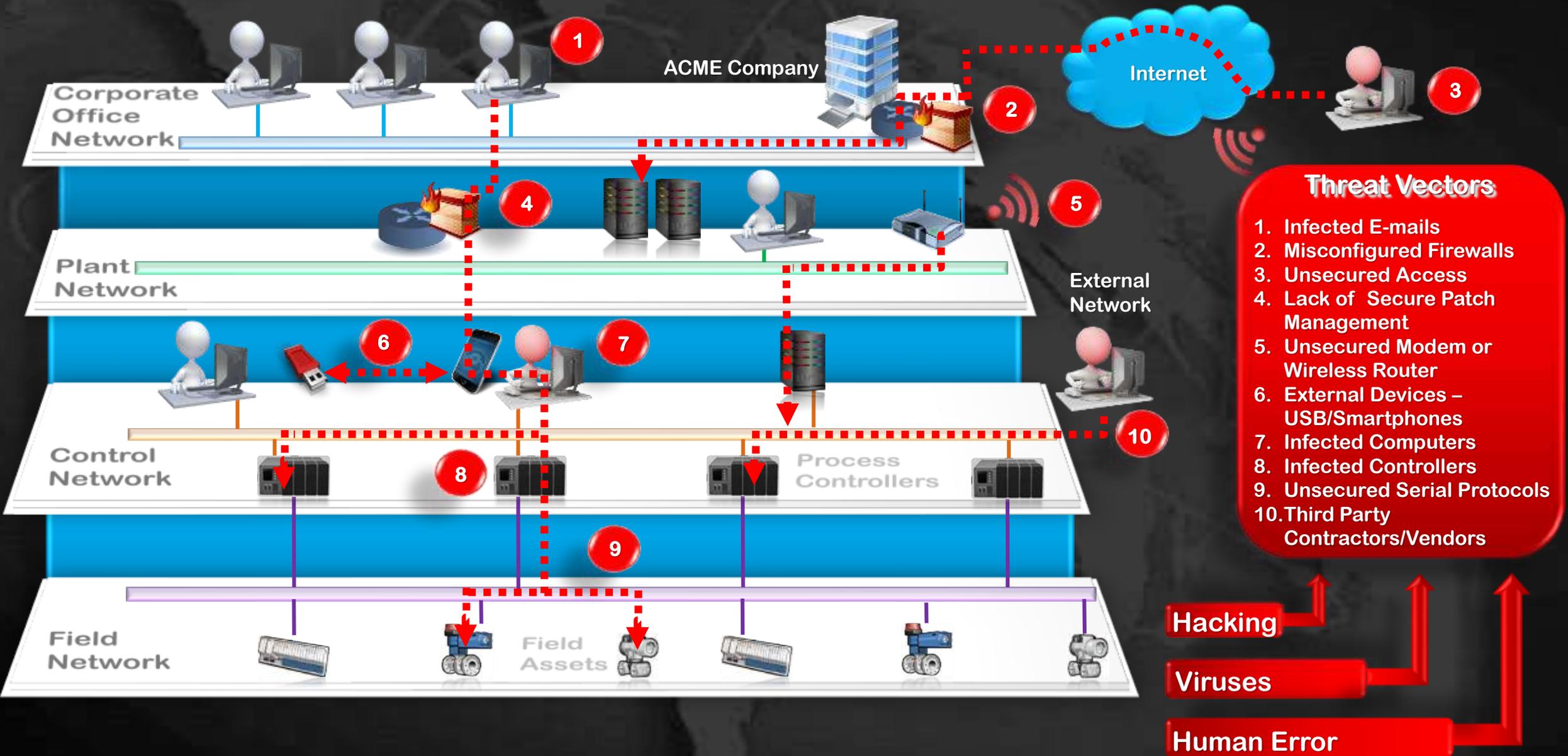
Source: Forbes

Source: April 2016, Canadian Underwriter/Tripwire

History of Known Cyber Incidents Globally in ICS (Industrial Control Systems)



Cyber Threat landscape for Industrial Control Systems



Culture is the biggest hurdle for Industrial Digital Transformation

Security is about Data

1. Confidentiality
2. Bandwidth
3. Availability

IT

vs

OT

Security is about Critical Assets

1. Availability
2. Confidentiality
3. Bandwidth

Risk & Safety

- People
- Environment
- Assets

Uptime

- Quality & Performance

Information Security vs. Operational Security

IT

OT



Mostly L3 Security



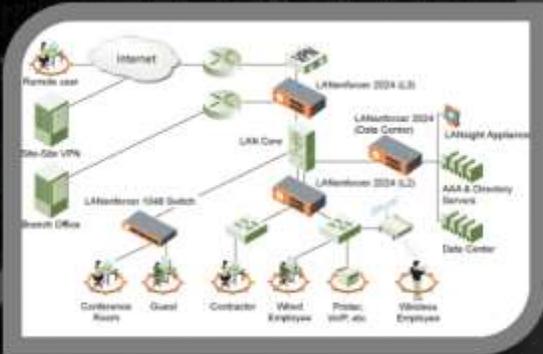
Remote Access & WEB
Access Points Protection



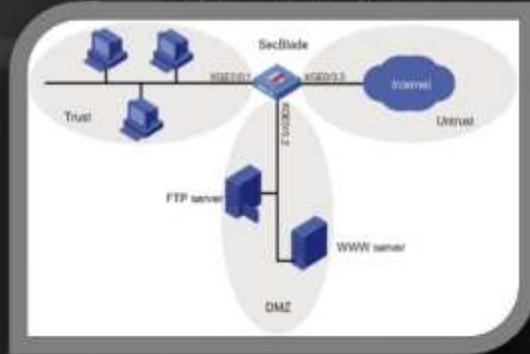
L2 Security
Requirements



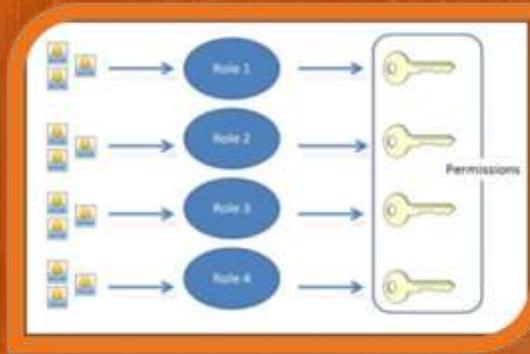
Exposed End Points
End Point Protection



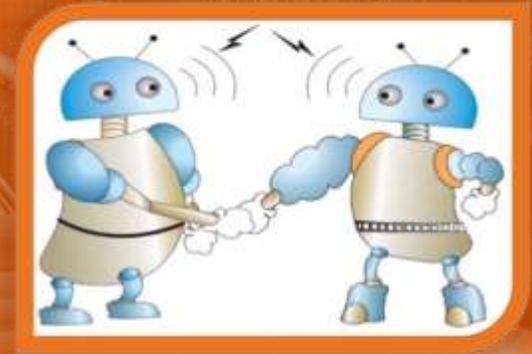
User Login
Resources Access



Human to Human
Stateful



Role Based Access Control
With Logging
Assets Access



Machine to Machine
Stateless

Unique Requirements for OT Networks Power Utilities



Strict Network Convergence Requirements

- Below 50 m/s

ZERO PACKET LOSS

- **Process Bus**

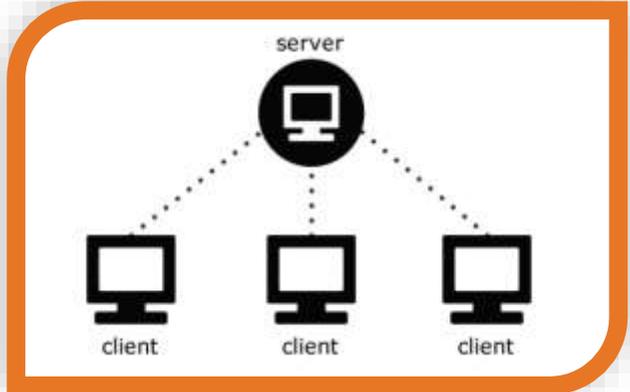
Fullback Mode & Isolated Site Operation

- **Substation has to run if Isolated**



Industrial Protocols

- GOOSE –L2 Multicast
- Other Protocols etc.



Static Clients

SCADA Servers Require Permanent Connections to Assets

The Core Security Framework

- Critical Infrastructures Need to Be Cyber Protected
- Each Industry Has Its Own Specific Security Standards
- Each Region Has Its Own Specific Security Standards
- The Core is to Provide Control Systems Protection

These are Fundamental Security Core Components That are Common Between all Standards and Frameworks

Make Compliance work for you.



Don't work for Compliance!

Standards & Frameworks



NERC
C I P



The Instrumentation,
Systems & Automation
Society



IEC 62443



Cyber Security – Core Components

Security Recovery:

- Rectifying the Security Incident
- Identifying Corrective Measures
- Update Security Implementation
- Update Security Policy
- Updating Threat Database
- Final Reporting

Incident Response:

- Responding to Threats
- Intrusion Prevention
- Isolating Threats & Confining Them
- Identifying Exposure
- Communicate to Respective Parties



Security Assessment:

- Identify what to Protect
- Assess the Threat
- Identify Security Holes
- Establishing an Initial Security Baseline

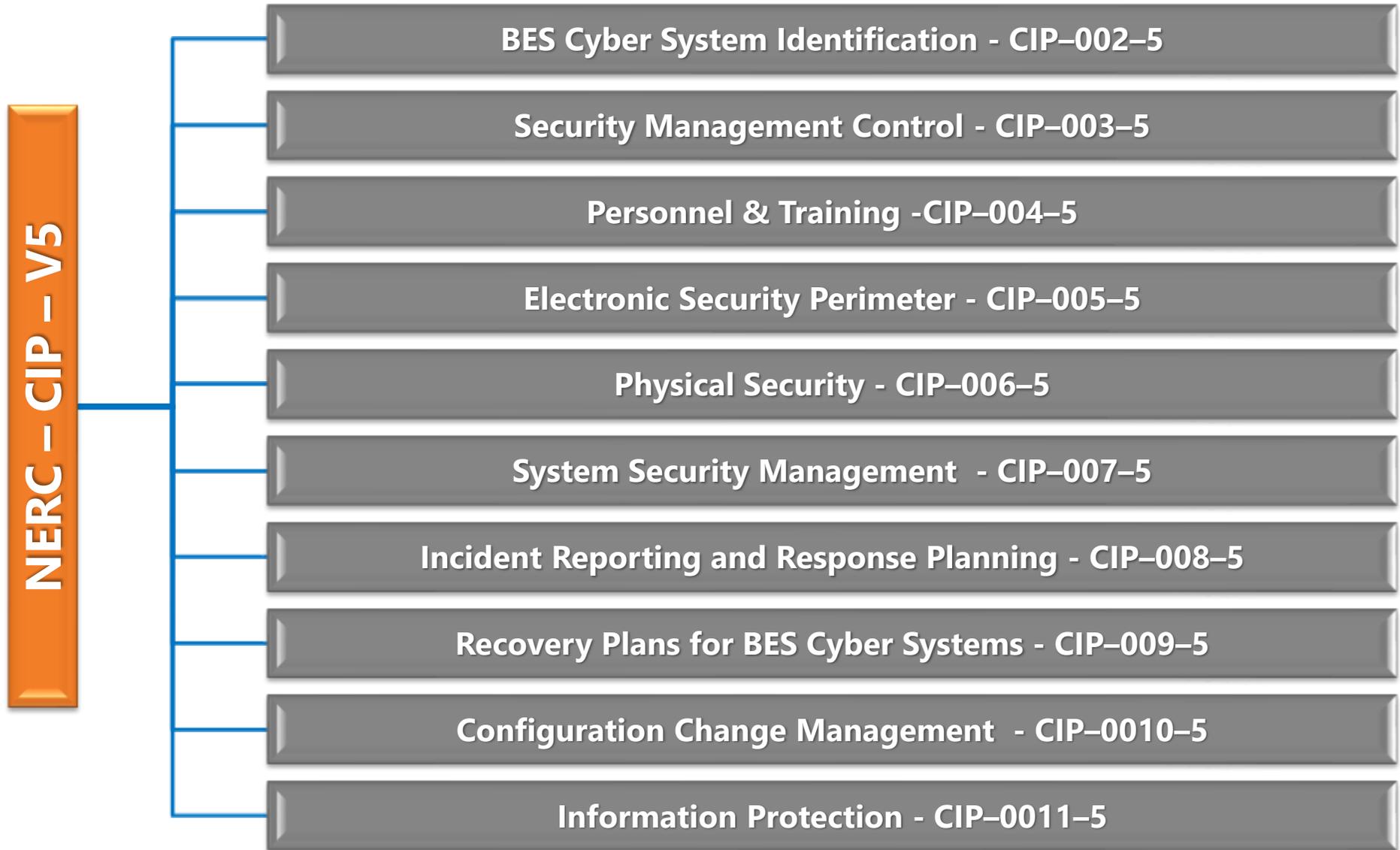
Security Implementation:

- Develop a Security Roadmap
- Implement Security Measures
- Reassess Security
- Verify Security – Pen Testing
- Establishing a New Security Baseline
- Establishing a Security Policy
- Security Training

Security Monitoring:

- Continuous Security Health Monitoring
- Intrusion Detection and Anomaly Detection
- Analysing Trends and Utilizing Threat Intelligence

NERC – CIP



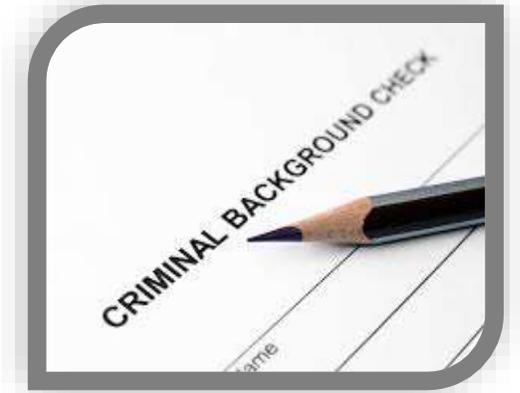
CIP-004-5 (Personnel and Training)



Security Awareness Training



Security Training Program



7 Years Criminal Background Check!



IS5 Security Policy Training



Timely Access Revoke and Audit

Access Authorization

CIP-005-5 (Electronic Security Perimeter)

Security Perimeter



Electronic Security Perimeter

External boundary of the BES Cyber System

- Identify Electronic Security Perimeter & Remote Access Connection Points

- CIP V5 Focuses on Security Perimeter as Opposed to Electronic Access Points
- Electronic Security Perimeter Shall Restrict Access to Authorized Users, Withstand Cyber Attacks and Contain any Possible Breach

Remote Access



- Identification & Multi-Factor Authentication
- Authorization with Privilege Level Assignment
- Session Encryption
- Session Logging

CIP-007-5 (Systems Security Management)



Minimize Attack Surface



Patch Management

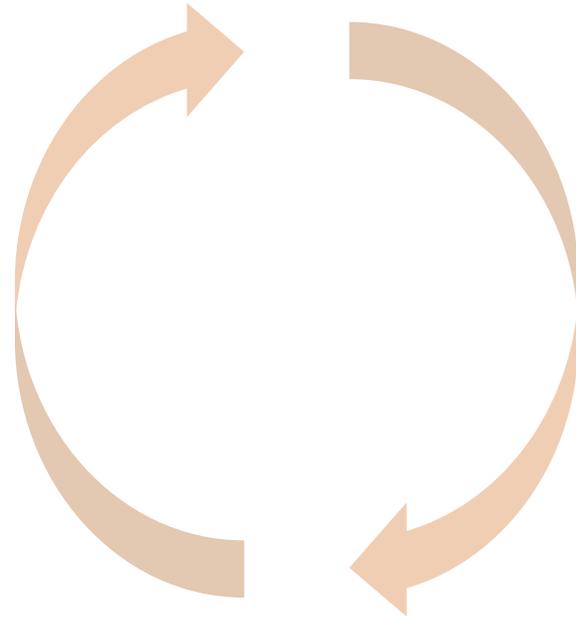
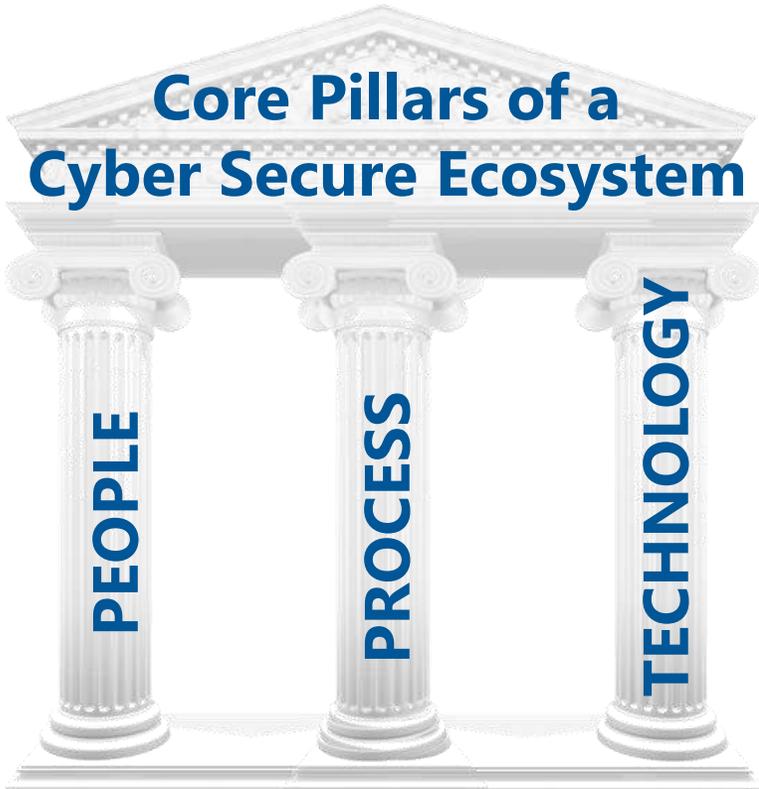


Malicious Code Prevention



Password Management

Cyber Secure Culture



People

Qualifications

- Competency
- Training
- Situational Awareness



Process

Governance & Compliance

- Documentation
- Remediation
- Recovery
- Training

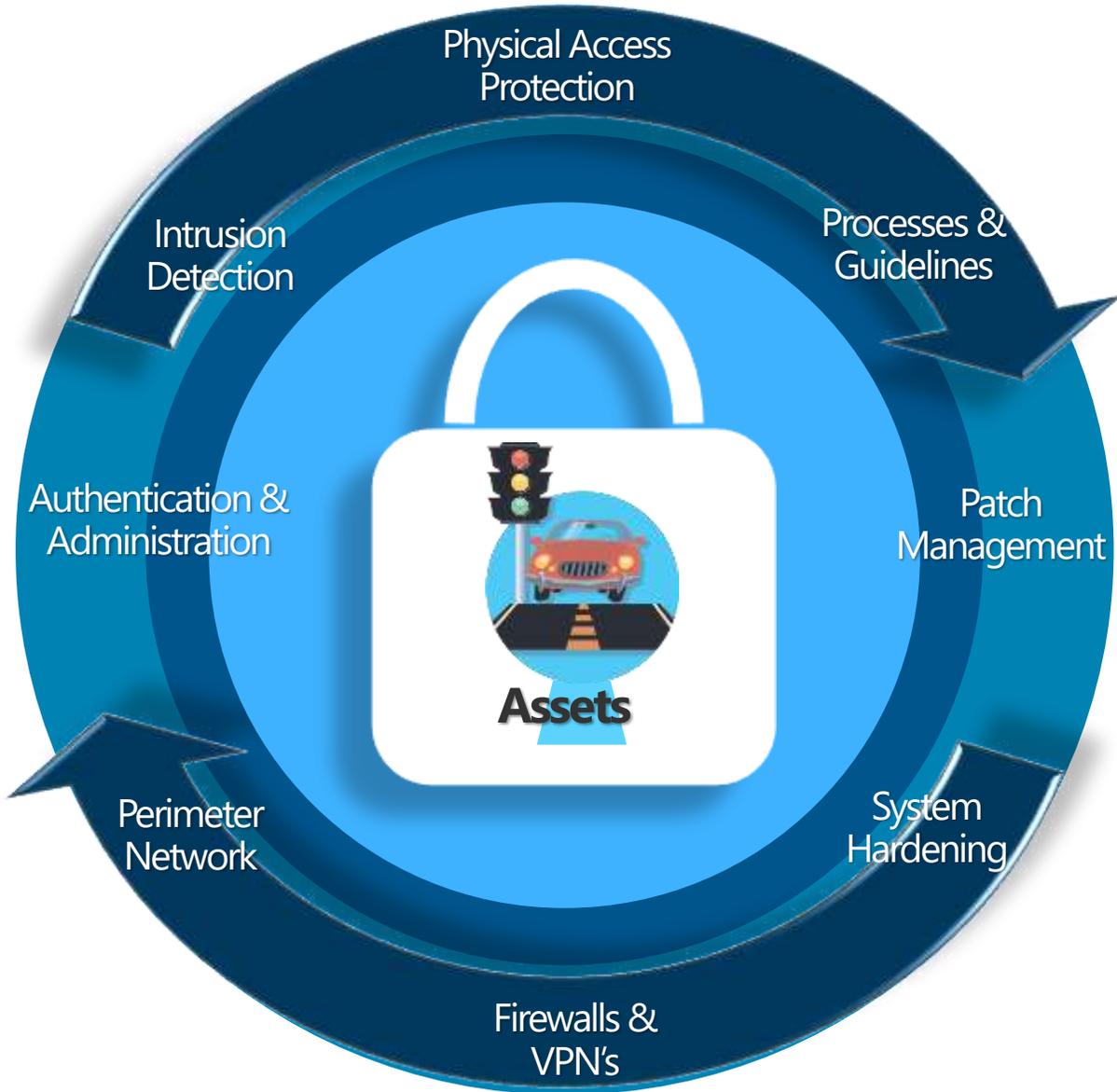


Technology

Tools & Utilities

- Control
- Monitor
- Tracking & Logging
- Patch Management

Defense In Depth



Standards & Frameworks



WCCD

ISO 37120

<http://www.dataforcities.org/wccd/>

<https://www.iso.org/obp/ui/#iso:std:iso:37120:ed-1:v1:en>



<https://standards.ieee.org/develop/project/2784.html>

Questions
Eric Labrie
Canadian Regional Sales Manager
ericlabrie@is5com.com
514-242-9827

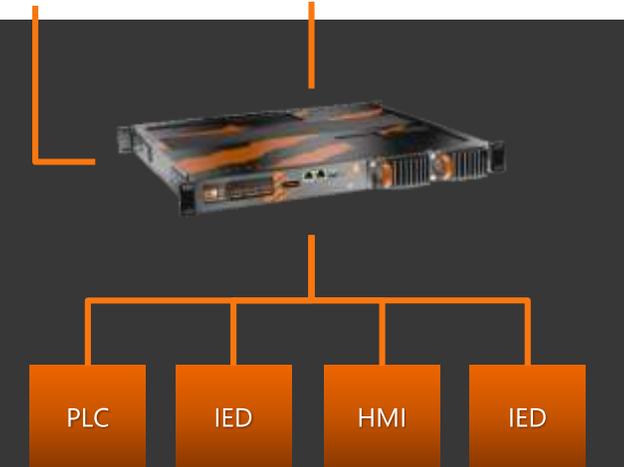
Raptor for Defense in Depth in Industrial Control Systems

Advanced ICS Network Security Monitoring Software IDS



Features

- Integrated SCADA Network Security Monitoring Software with i5Com.
- **Supports IEC61850 GOOSE, DNP3, Modbus, All Layer 2 Traffic**
- Supports Alert format, Syslog or UDP
- Supports Inbound Ports (At least one): stop/scup/sash (TCP22)
- Supports Outbound Ports: Syslog (TCP/UDP514)



According to NERC (North American Electric Reliability Council) CIP (Critical Infrastructure Protection) Version 5, systems communications must be audited. Any changes to the network must be run through change management and must be appropriately documented. SpyGOOSE will monitor for new devices added to the network and will automatically detect what ports they are using or serving. This documentation could be critical to providing NERC CIP compliance.

Raptor for Defense in Depth in Industrial Control Systems



Secure Protect Fix



Features

Agent - Sentinel
The Agent detects threats invisible to network-based protection – even the most advanced unknown threats and remove them with surgical precision.

Monitor for vulnerabilities in software dependencies
Most vulnerabilities in IIoT devices come from third-party software dependencies. Cybeats continuously monitors for new vulnerabilities and alerts both manufacturers and users who are affected.

Anomaly detection and intrusion prevention Cybeats automatically learns which IPs and ports an IIoT device normally communicates with any exceptions to normal device behavior or traffic are flagged, alerts are generated, and all pertinent details are recorded.



HTTPS
TLS 1.2
AES 265



Hybrid cloud architecture
The Cybeats solution can be deployed either with our cloud infrastructure, or within an on premise data center for critical infrastructure customers and air-gapped environments that do not allow connectivity to the public Internet.

Dashboard Visibility – Ease of Use
Real-time alerts as soon as threats are identified, or fixes are deployed.

Secure distribution of firmware updates When a manufacturer updates its device's firmware, Cybeats notifies users and gives them choices for when and how to do the upgrade. The firmware is securely delivered through the Cybeats dashboard, thus keeping it out of the hands of hackers. Users can track their update status by device and see if an update has failed, and why

Future proof
Rather than depending on databases of known threats and vulnerabilities to protect IIoT devices, Cybeats automatically builds and maintains dynamic models of healthy device behaviors. This allows for any unusual behavior to be detected, making it ideal for identifying new and unknown threats.

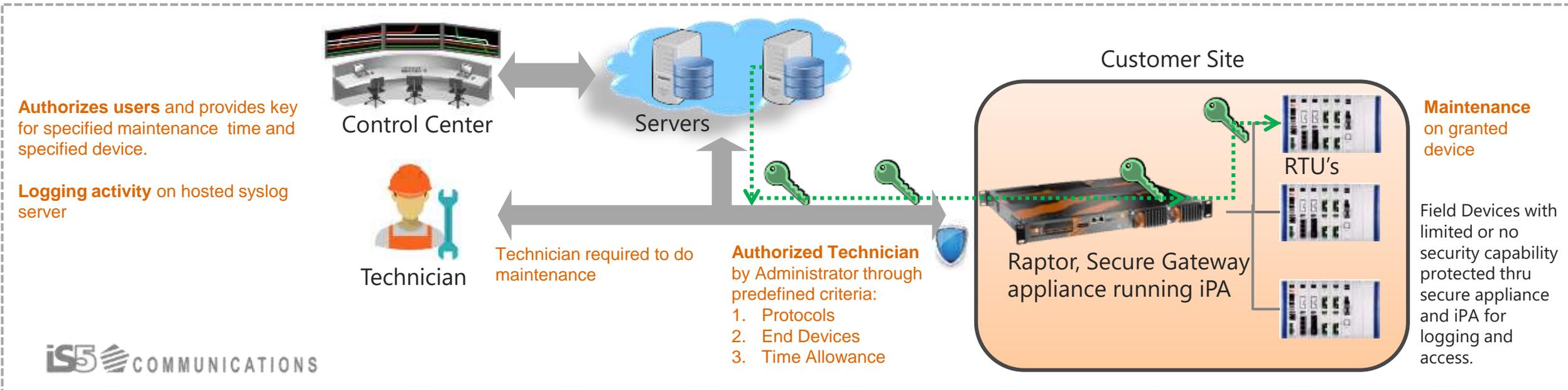
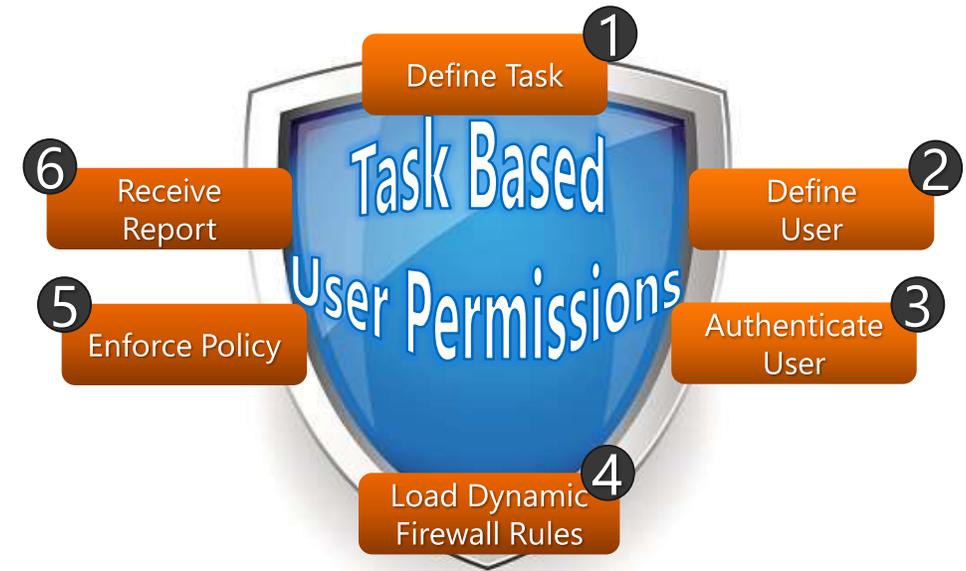
Raptor for Defense in Depth in Industrial Control Systems

iPA (Intelligent Proxy Authentication)

- Supervising maintenance operations and preventing unauthorized access to devices even with no self authentication abilities

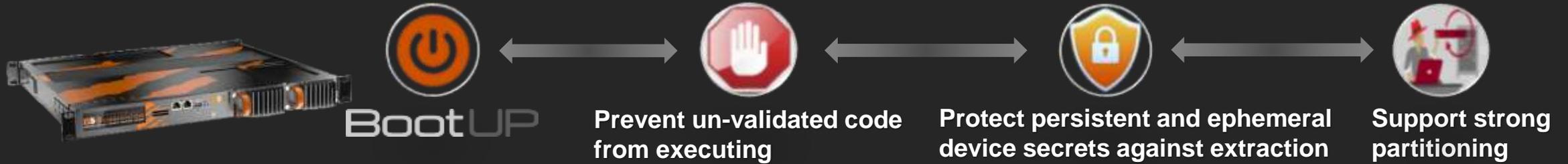
The Solution:

- Access policy per maintenance task, per user, per time, etc.
 - Restricted access to site devices
 - Applied both to IP and Serial communications
 - Full Audit Log of user activities
 - IPsec VPN for inter-site connectivity



Raptor for Defense in Depth in Industrial Control Systems

Secure BOOT



Features

Raptor is uniquely built from Ground up with "Trust Based Architecture" Hardware.

Why Secure Boot?

Most Communications systems are designed without Trust Based Architecture, unable to detect malware during the Boot sequence. **"The system will load up trusted and untrusted firmware."**

The secure boot process detects unauthorized modifications to OEM software and system configuration information (such as device trees or certificates) at boot time, and when detected, the unauthorized code is prevented from booting. At runtime, Trust Architecture supports detection of unauthorized modification of software or other memory contents via the Runtime Integrity Checker

Persistent secret values programmed into the Security Fuse Processor (OTPMK and Secure Debug Response Value) cannot be extracted by any means short of physically de-processing the device. In devices with battery backed low power section, the Zeroizable Master Key cannot be extracted or exposed once provisioned (read lock set). Once initialized, the special ephemeral keys, including Job Descriptor Key Encryption Keys, Trusted Descriptor Signing Keys, cannot be extracted or exposed.

Protect persistent and ephemeral device secrets against mis-use

Upon detection of a security violation, persistent secrets are locked out until the next device reset which passes secure boot with no hardware security violations. The exceptions to this are; Secure Debug Response Value: Only locked out by 3 failed debug challenge/response cycles.

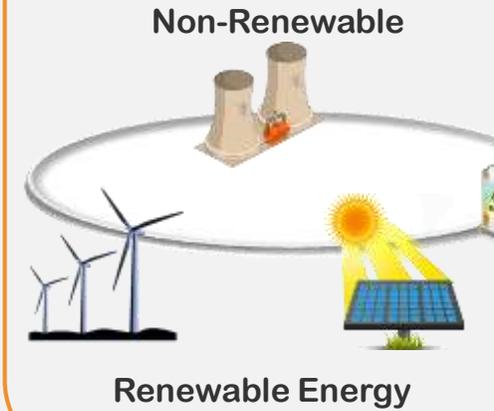
Zeroizable Master Key: Security violations configured as 'fatal' zeroize the ZMK rather than locking it out. Ephemeral secrets are always cleared on the detection of a security violation.

The private resources of one software partition must not be accessible by another software partition

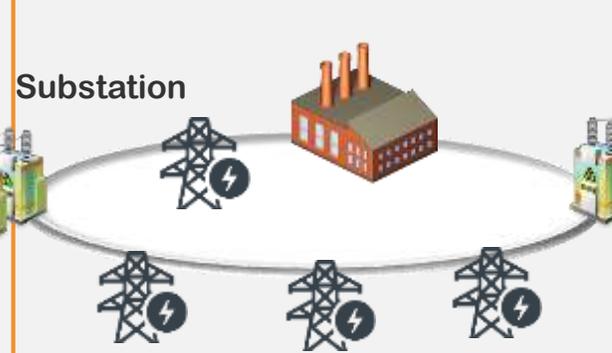
Smart Grid Communications Architecture

Power Systems Layer

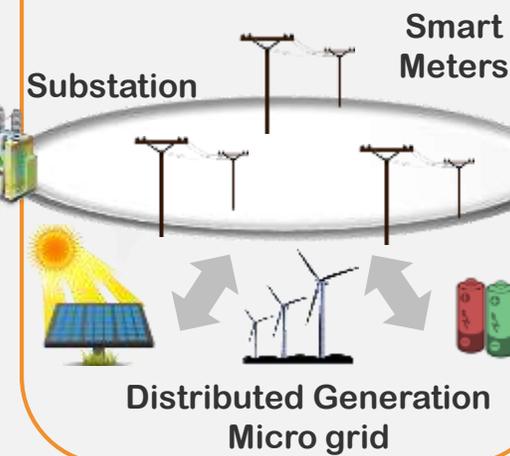
Bulk Power Generation



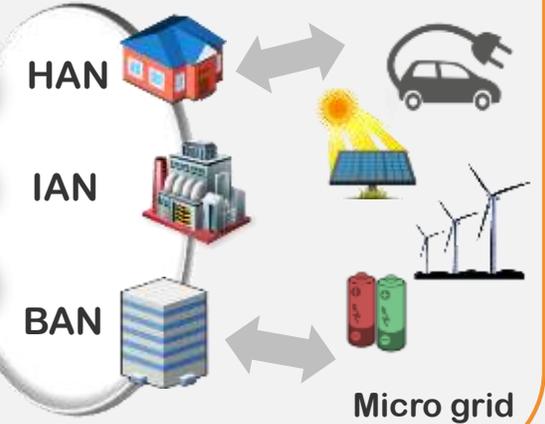
Transmission System



Distribution System



Customer Premises



Communications Layer

Local Area Network (LAN)



Utility Enterprise Network, Control Center

- Collection
- Configuration
- Management
- Security

Utility Wide Area Network (WAN) Core Metro Network

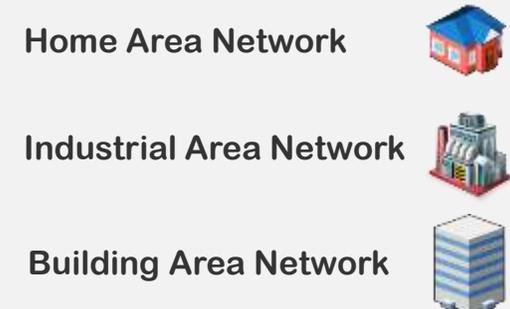


Wireless (3G/4G/802.11), Ethernet, Fiber, DSL, Copper

Neighborhood Area Network (NAN) Field Area Network (FAN) - AMI



Customer LAN



NAN/FAN/AMI
Demarcation

Intelligent Cyber Secure Communications Backbone for Smart Grid

Traditional Substation

Serial/Analog/ Legacy Communications

WAN – TDM/SONET, Modem, Microwave

SCADA & HMI

Station Controller

Gateway

DNP, Modbus, Profibus

Relays

Relays

Hardwired Switchgear CT's and VT's



Evolving Substation

IP/Ethernet

Substation Automation, SCADA, Protocol Gateway

WAN

L2/L3 Ethernet Switch

HMI

Station Controller

L2 Ethernet Station Bus

IED's

IED's

Hardwired Switchgear CT's and VT's

IEC 61850 substation

Future – Digital Substation

Energy APP Ecosystem

- Cyber Security
- SCADA/HMI Automation
- Data Analytics



Substation Automation, SCADA

Sub Station Controller

HMI

Raptor Series Platform

SCADA Secure Gateways

Station Bus IEC 61850-8-1

Redundancy Protection

- Client/Server (MMS)
- GOOSE
- Time Sync (SNTP)

IED's

IED's

RSTP/PRP Layer

Process Bus IEC 61850-9-2

iSG18GFP

iSG18GFP

RSTP/HSR Layer

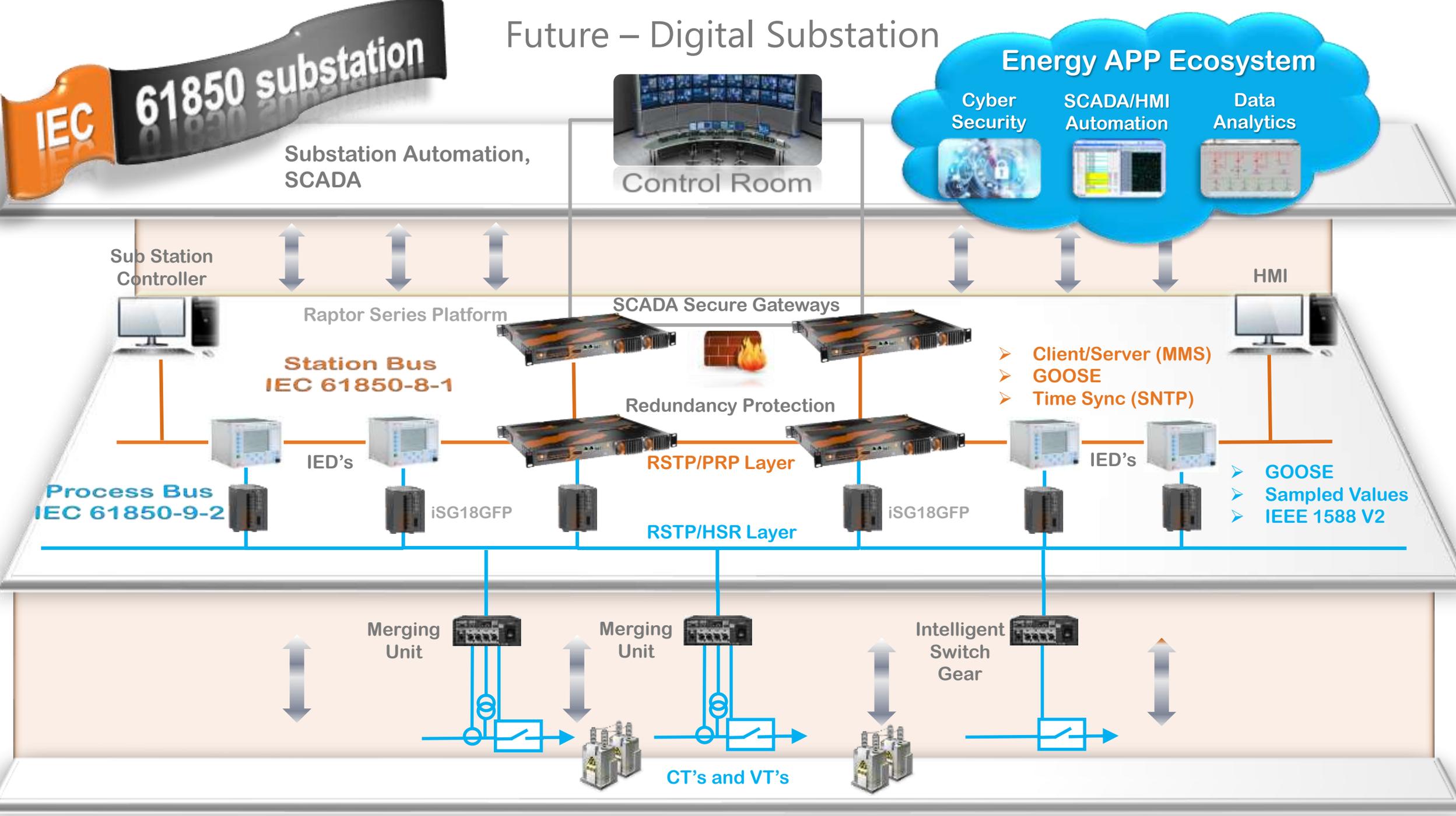
- GOOSE
- Sampled Values
- IEEE 1588 V2

Merging Unit

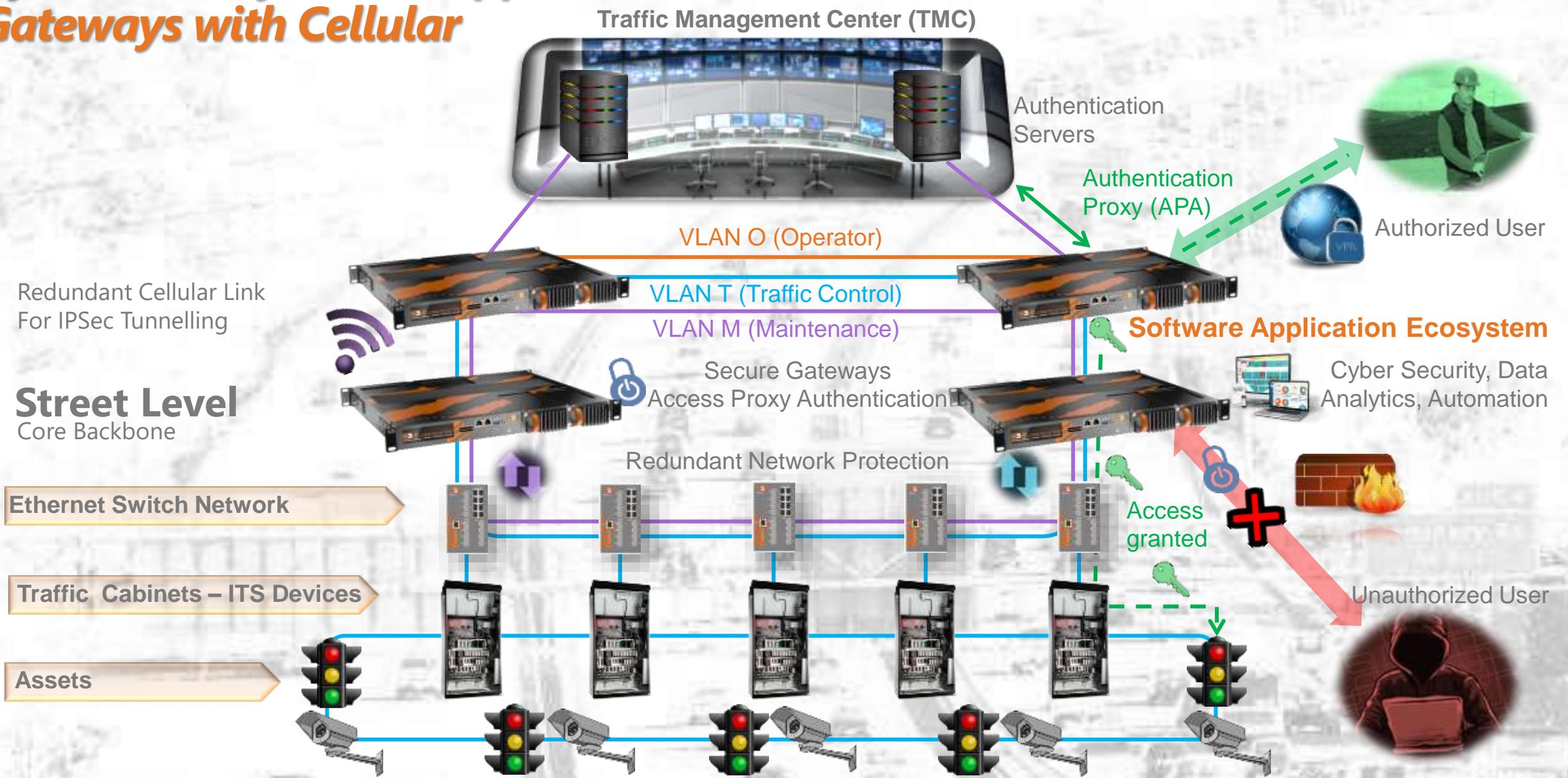
Merging Unit

Intelligent Switch Gear

CT's and VT's



Cyber Security for ITS Application - Redundant Secure Gateways with Cellular



Redundant Cellular Link For IPsec Tunnelling

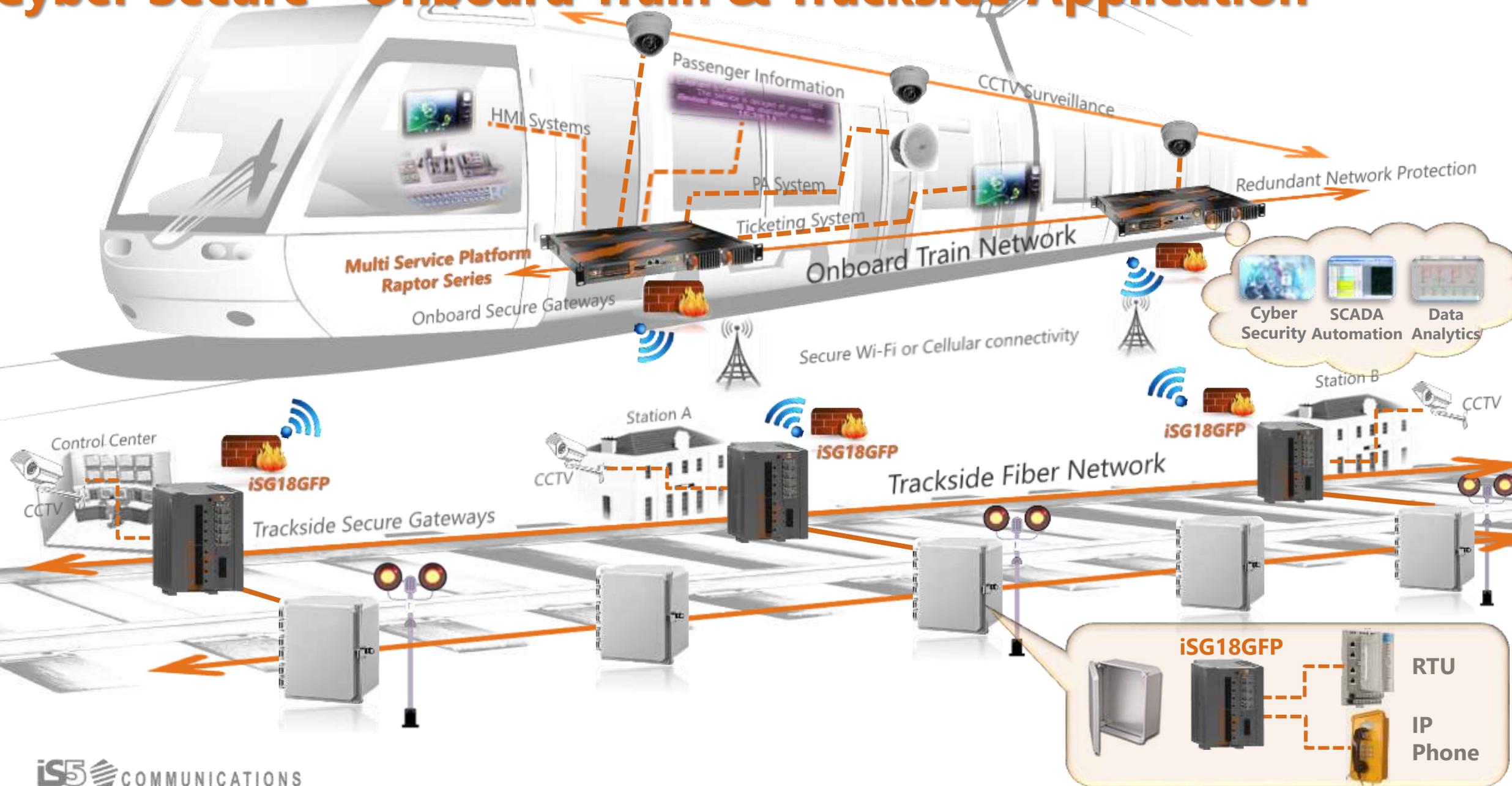
Street Level
Core Backbone

Ethernet Switch Network

Traffic Cabinets – ITS Devices

Assets

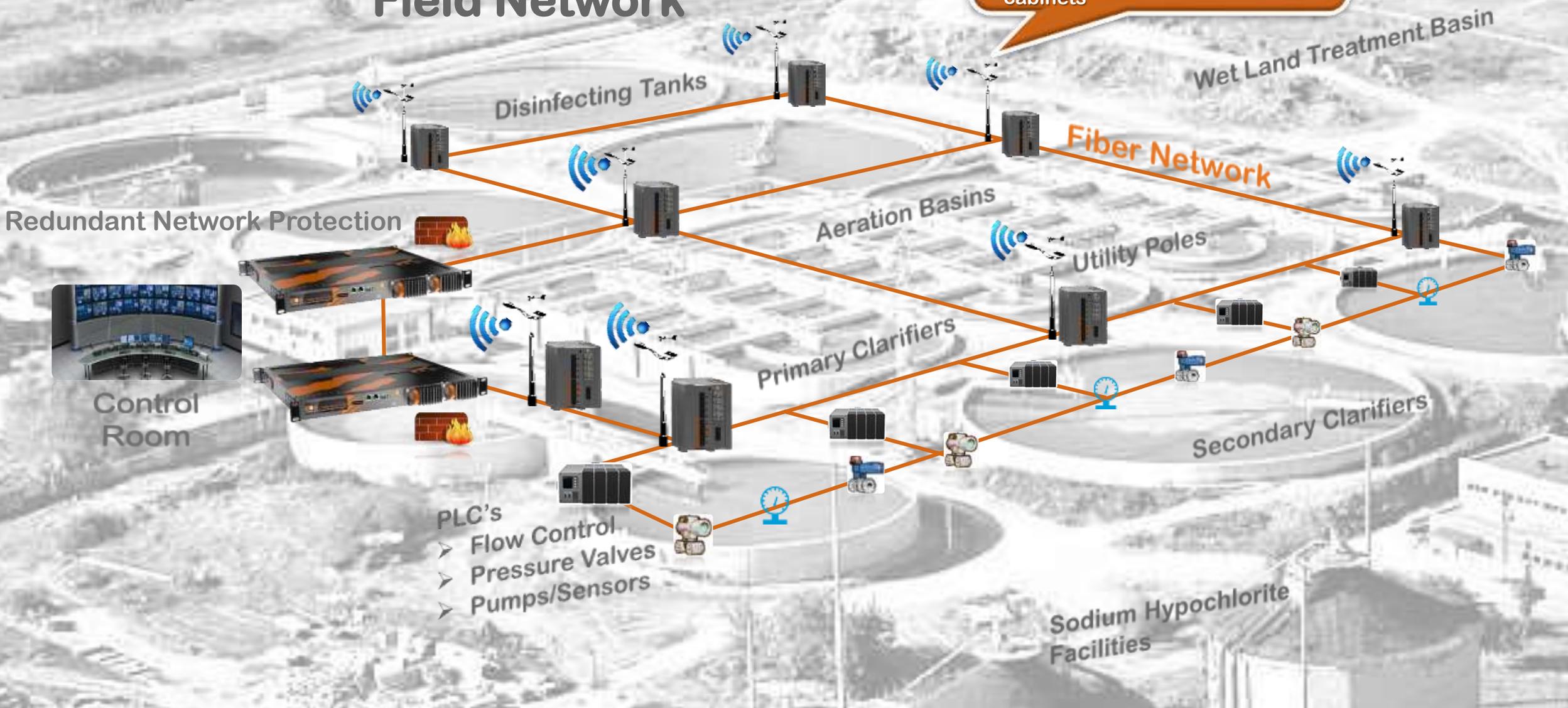
Cyber Secure - Onboard Train & Trackside Application



Cyber Security for Waste Water Treatment - Redundant Secure Gateways with Cellular/WiFi

Field Network

Pole top cabinets Secure DIN Rail switch



Redundant Network Protection



Control Room

- PLC's
- Flow Control
- Pressure Valves
- Pumps/Sensors